# Summer Assignment for Students Going Into Elementary Functions 

Directions:
$\square$ Complete this packet following the directions below:
$\square$ Complete all problems in the space provided, showing all of your work. If there is no work to show, write a sentence or two explaining your answer. Only questions with work and/or explanations will be counted as complete.
$\square$ Write your final answer/solution on the chart on the next page
$\square$ Check your answers using the answer key on the last page of this packet.
$\square$ If a question is wrong, that's okay! Check your work for any mistakes and try again :)
If multiple questions are wrong or you don't understand how to arrive at the correct answer, it's probably time to get extra help (see below)

- Bring this packet with you on the first day of school
$\square$ While we will be looking at the chart to see trends across the class, your grade will be based on completion not correct answers.
$\square$ Please draw a next to any topic you would like your teacher to review with you or the whole class.

Name:
Solution/Reflection Chart

| Question | My Answer | Correct? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 | Table \& Graph |  |
| 5 | Table \& Graph |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |
| 14 |  |  |
| 15 |  |  |
| 16 |  |  |
| 17 |  |  |
| 18 |  |  |
| 19 |  |  |
| 20 |  |  |
| 21 |  |  |
| 22 |  |  |
| 23 |  |  |
| 24 | Graph |  |


| 25 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26 |  |  |
| 27 |  |  |
| 28 |  |  |
| 29 |  |  |
| 30 |  |  |
| 31 |  |  |
| 32 |  |  |
| 33 |  |  |
| 34 |  |  |
| 35 |  |  |
| 36 | Graph |  |
| 37 |  |  |
| 38 |  |  |
| 39 |  |  |
| 40 |  |  |
| 41 |  |  |
| 42 |  |  |
| 43 |  |  |
| 44 |  |  |
| 45 |  |  |
| 46 |  |  |
| 47 |  |  |
| 48 |  |  |
| 49 |  |  |
| 50 |  |  |
| 51 |  | - |

Given the points $A(-2,6)$ and $B(4,-3)$, compute:

1. The slope of $\overline{A B}$ :
2. The y-intercept of $\overline{A B}$ :
3. The x-intercept of $\overline{A B}$ :

Make a table of values and sketch the graph for:
4. $y=2 x^{2}-x-9$

| $\mathbf{x}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{y}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Find the $x$ - and $y$-intercepts of the graph of:
6. $y=|x+1|-3$
7. $y=x \sqrt{4-x^{2}}$
5. $\mathrm{y}=\sqrt{x-5}+2$

| $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


8. Write an equation for the line passing through the points $A(-1,8)$ and $B(6,5)$ in slope intercept form.
9. Write an equation for the line through $(3,-2)$ that is parallel to the graph of $5 x-4 y=60$ in standard form.
10. Write an equation for the line through $(-4,9)$ that is perpendicular to the graph of $2 x+3 y=25$ in point-slope form.

Given the function defined by the piecewise as indicated below, find the requested values:

$$
f(x)= \begin{cases}2 x+1 & \text { for } x \leq-1 \\ x^{2}+2 & \text { for } x>-1\end{cases}
$$

11. $f(-2)$
12. $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{o})$
13. f(2)
14. $f(-1)$
15. $\mathrm{f}(1)$
16. Find the domain of the function defined by $f(x)=\frac{x}{x^{2}-x-6}$

Use algebra (not your calculator!) to determine the zeros of the function
17. $f(x)=3 x^{2}-16 x+21$
18. $g(x)=x^{3}-x^{2}-25 x+25$

Consider the functions defined by $f(x)=\frac{1}{x-5}, g(x)=x^{2}-4$, and $h(x)=\sqrt{x}$. Write and simplify the formula for AND identify any restrictions on the domain of each of the composite functions.
19. $f(g(x))$
20. $(\mathrm{h} \circ \mathrm{f})(\mathrm{x})$
21. $g(h(x))$
22. $(\mathrm{h} \circ \mathrm{g})(\mathrm{x})$
23. Given the function $f(x)=3 x+7$ find a formula for $f^{-1}(x)$, the inverse of $f$. Then verify algebraically that $f\left(f^{-1}(x)\right)=f^{-1}(f(x))$.
24. Sketch the graph of the quadratic function $y=-2 x^{2}+4 x+1$. Label with coordinates all points of interest (e.g. vertex, axis of symmetry, intercepts)

25. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial function $g(x)=x^{2}-x^{3}+2$
26. Use polynomial long division to divide: $\left(24 x^{2}-x-8\right) \div(3 x-2)$
27. Use synthetic division to divide: $\frac{6 x^{4}-4 x^{3}-27 x^{2}+18 x}{x-2}$

Using synthetic division, determine whether or not the given values of $x$ are zeros of the function defined by $f(x)=3 x^{3}-8 x^{2}-20 x+16$
28. $x=4$
29. $x=-4$
30. $x=2 / 3$
31. $\mathrm{x}=-1$
32. Given the function $h(x)=x^{3}+4 x^{2}-25 x-28$, confirm that $x=4$ is a zero. Then find all other zeros and write the complete factorization of $x^{3}+4 x^{2}-25 x-28$.

Perform the indicated operations and write the result in standard a + bi form.
33. $5 i(13-8 i)$
34. $(1+6 i)(5-2 i)$
35. $\frac{15}{1+2 i}$
36. Sketch and label a graph of the system of inequalities. Shade the solution set.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x+3 y<24 \\
& y \geq x-2
\end{aligned}
$$


37. List all of the possible rational roots of the equation $3 x^{3}-20 x^{2}+7 x+30=0$
38. Mrs. Gottfried invests $\$ 12,000$ in an account that earns $5 \%$ annual interest compounded quarterly. Determine the cash value of her investment after 10 years' time.
39. The number of bacteria in a culture grows continuously at a rate of $6.5 \%$ per day. If there are 1000 bacteria initially, approximately how many will be present after 7 days' time?

Simplify the following rational expressions
40. $\frac{4 a+5}{3}+\frac{7 a-9}{2}$
41. $\frac{2 b}{b-3}-\frac{5 b}{b+3}$
42. $\left(\frac{c^{2}-9}{c^{2}+3 c+2}\right)\left(\frac{c^{2}+7 c+10}{c^{2}+2 c-15}\right)$
43. $\left(\frac{2 d^{2}-32}{d^{2}-3 d-4}\right) \div\left(\frac{2 d^{2}+9 d+4}{d^{2}+1}\right)$

Solve each equation:
$44 \cdot \sqrt{1-2 a}=a+17$
$46.27^{(3 \mathrm{c}+8)}=9$
45. $\frac{2 b+1}{3}-\frac{7 b-5}{2}=13$
47. $\log _{6}(3 d+14)=2$

Evaluate and/or simplify each expression:
48. $64^{1 / 2}$
49. $\left(\frac{25}{49}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
50. $\left(\frac{27}{8}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$
51. $\sqrt[3]{24 x^{12} y^{16}}$

## SOLUTIONS

| 3   <br> $\mathbf{1}$ $-\frac{3}{2}$ $\mathbf{1 8} \quad x=1, \pm 5$ <br> $\mathbf{2}$ $(0,3)$ $\mathbf{1 9}$ <br> $\mathbf{3}$ $(2,0)$ $\frac{1}{x^{2}-9}, x \neq \pm 3$ <br> $\mathbf{4}$ <<see table/graph below>> $\mathbf{2 0} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x-5}}, x>5$ <br> $\mathbf{5}$ <<see table/graph below>> $\mathbf{2 1}\|x\|-4, x>0$ |  | $\mathbf{2 2} \sqrt{x^{2}-4},(-\infty,-2] \cup[2, \infty)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 6 | $\begin{aligned} & x \text {-intercepts: }(2,0),(-4,0) \\ & y \text {-intercept: }(0,-2) \end{aligned}$ |  | $f^{-1}(x)=\frac{x-7}{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | $\begin{aligned} & x \text {-intercepts: }(0,0),(2,0),(-2,0) \\ & y \text {-intercept: }(0,0) \end{aligned}$ |  | <<see graph below>> |
|  | $y=-\frac{3}{7} x+\frac{53}{7}$ | 25 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { As } x \text { approaches }+\infty, \text { y approaches }-\infty \\ & \text { As } x \text { approaches }-\infty, \text { y approaches }+\infty \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $5 x-4 y=23$ |  | $8 x+5+\frac{2}{3 x-2}$ |
|  | $y-9=\frac{3}{2}(x+4)$ | 27 | $6 x^{3}+8 x^{2}-11 x-4-\frac{8}{x-2}$ |
| 11 | -3 |  | yes |
| 12 | -1 |  | no |
| 13 | 2 |  | yes |
| 14 | 3 | 31 | no |
| 15 | 6 | 32 | $h(x)=(x-4)(x+7)(x+1)$ |
| 16 | $(-\infty,-2) \cup(-2,3) \cup(3, \infty)$ | 33 | $40+65 i$ |
|  | $x=\frac{7}{3}, 3$ | 34 | 17+28i |


| $\mathbf{3 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 - 6 i}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 6}$ | <<see graph below $\gg$ |
| $\mathbf{3 7}$ | $\pm\left(1, \frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{2}{3}, 3,5, \frac{5}{3}, 6,10, \frac{10}{3}, 15,30\right)$ |
| $\mathbf{3 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 9 , 7 2 3 . 4 3}$ |
| $\mathbf{3 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 7 6 . 1 7 3}$ bacteria |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\frac{29 a-17}{6}$ |
| $4 \mathbf{4 1}$ | $\frac{-3 b^{2}+21 b}{(b-3)(b+3)}$ |


| $\mathbf{4 2}$ | $\frac{c+3}{c+1}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 3}$ | $\frac{2\left(d^{2}+1\right)}{(d+1)(2 d+1)}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 4}$ | $a=-12$ |
| $\mathbf{4 5}$ | $b=-\frac{61}{17}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 6}$ | $c=-\frac{22}{9}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 7}$ | $d=\frac{22}{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 9}$ | $\frac{5}{7}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\frac{4}{9}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 1}$ | $2 x^{4} y^{5} \sqrt[3]{3 y}$ |

4. $y=2 x^{2}-x-9$
5. $\mathrm{y}=\sqrt{x-5}+2$


| x | 5 | 6 | 9 | 14 | 21 | 30 | 41 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |


24.



